THE SOUTH
CAROLINA GAZETTE.
[VOL. XXXIII.] [NUMB. 1674]
From *Monday* OCTOBER 26, to *Monday* NOVEMBER 2, 1767.

New Advertisements.

FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS Currency reward.

WHEREAS a leaf containing pages 128 and 129 in a book marked G. kept for recording grants in the secretary's office of this province, hath been cut out and taken away, as it is supposed, by some evil-disposed person or persons: In order, therefore, to discover and bring to justice the perpetrators of an offence of so dangerous a tendency, the subscriber will pay on their conviction, the above reward to any person who shall discover them, and give evidence whereupon such conviction shall be had. THOMAS SKOTTOWE.

October 29, 1767.

To be Sold,

On the spot, by public outcry, at 11 o' clock in the forenoon, of Wednesday the 25th instant November, for credit to the 1st of May 1768, paying interest, and giving security.

SUndry valuable LOTS of LAND, in one of the most healthy and pleasant situations in Charles-Town, two of the lots front on Broad-Street, and three on Tradd-Street, the others on a new street, to be called Orange-Street, leading from the corner of the hon. John Drayton's house, in Broad-Street, due south, to the house of Frederick Grimke, Esq; in Tradd-Street.

The smallest lots on Orange-Street are sufficiently large, being 32 feet in front, and 112 feet in depth, and the purchasers, by observing an uniformity in building, will render it one of the pleasanteſt streets in Charles-Town.

PLANS of the whole may be seen in the hands of Mr. Daniel Cannon, Mr. Robert Wells, vendue master, or Alexander Petrie.

Should the said day prove rainy, the sale will be on the next fair day thereafter.

JAMES M'CALL,

HAVING purchased Messrs. LLOYD and NEYLE's stock of goods since large supply imported in the last vessels the first of September, and having imported a large supply in the last vessels from London and Bristol, he has now got a very COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT proper for the place and season: Likewise water, milk, butter and ship biscuit, flour, &c. just imported in captain Mason, from Philadelphia: All which he will sell at the most reasonable rates they can be afforded, at his store in Tradd-street, lately occupied by Mr. John M'Call, junior; and he will be very much obliged to all who were customers to Lloyd and Neyle for a continuance of their favours to him.

He has also to dispose of, for cash, at prime cost and charges, a variety of handsome brocades, ducapes, mantuas, lutestrings and other silks, silk cardinals, capuchins, womens hatts and bonnets, gold and silver lace, &c. Any person inclinable to purchase the whole (about £. 200 sterling value) may have them *at seven for one, and four months credit*, or they will be bartered for other goods that may suit, at their first cost.

Guerin & Williamson,

FINDING no regard paid to their repeated solicitations for those indebted to them, to call and settle their respective accompts do FOR THE LAST TIME give notice, that all bonds, notes, and book debts due to them, and unpaid on the 15th of December next, will be put in the hands of John Colcock, attorney at law, to be sued.

From the St. James's Chronicle, Aug. 15.

To the PRINTER.

SIR,

IT is well known, that as soon as the last sessions of parliament was closed, there was almost a general resignation of employments. The first lord of the treasury so eagerly desired to quit his situation, that he himself brought the offer of it to another noble peer, his immediate predecessor. One of the Secretaries of State, he of the Northern department, sent no less than four circular letters four weeks following to the foreign ministers in his department, to say, that having obtained his master's consent to retire, he did no longer any business in his office. This ingenious Chancellor of the Exchequer made no more scruple to say he should resign day after day, than he did to give a reason for it, that he would act no longer with such ignorant and blundering colleagues. The lord ——— said indeed the direct contrary, but he has shewn by his actions how unfit he found himself for his high station, and has sneaked into retirement with only twenty thousand pounds of Irish money in his pocket, and the universal curses and detestation of that kingdom. The —— of the —— from age or infirmities, or ill humour; or from all these causes, swore he would go on no longer. But retire into the country, and take care of his health, and he has been as good as his word, for he has never appeared since to preside at that ——— The servants of the C—— despise and detest each other, as much as they must all be disliked and detested by the nation. This miserable weak system of administration is still rendered weaker by want of harmony amongst themselves. The poor man, who was originally placed at the head of it, is either really gone distracted, or is forced to feign himself so, to get rid of the difficulties in which he has involved himself and his country. Those creatures of his, who were placed in some of the highest offices of the state, are become the objects of the jealousy of their brother M—s, whose attachment is stronger to the Favourite and his powerful and secret influence. Thus all connection, all confidence is destroyed, as well amongst themselves as with their master. But notwithstanding this, which is a true picture of the present ministry, it seems it is determined it shall go on, and this country must submit with its eyes open to such public mismanagement. If the situation of the finances of this kingdom are in so prosperous a way as to admit of it; if the public burthens and taxes can be eased by it; if the just complaints of the Portugal merchants can be relieved by it; I have no objection, but on the score of morality, from having a person at the head of the most arduous board, who passes his whole life in retirement with a common prostitute. An immoral or a vicious man may possibly make a good minister of state; it is not of certain consequence, because a man treats a beautiful and deserving wife with contempt and cruelty, that he may not execute his public trust with fidelity to his king and country; but it has in all times, and in none more than in our own of late years, been matter of just reproach and scandal to those who have filled the highest offices of the state, that their character have been stained with such a blemish. Great knowledge and superior talents did not screen the last ministers from deserved obloquy on this score? and surely, if added to the crime itself, a total neglect of the functions of the highest office in the state is added, the public are justified to animadvert upon it. The ministers are named by the king, but when nominated, they become the servants of the public, and are responsible to their country for their actions. What indulgent tribunal do the present servants of the public expect to find, who, overlooking their private vices, will acquit them of their neglect of public affairs? What account will they be able to render to their country when called upon for such contrary conduct, as resigning their employments one month, and resuming them in the next? And not resuming the business annexed to them, but the salaries and emoluments only. Has the N——n department no business with foreign ministers? Has the S—n none with America? Or from the childishness and incapacity of him who presides in one, is the Manilla ransom to be forgot, and the insolence of Portugal to remain unnoticed? The miscarriages in both departments may fairly indeed be laid to the door of the minister. His fatal advice involved the government in all the difficulties attendant upon both; he timidly and basely deserted the difficult task of America last year; and finding at the end of last sessions of parliament this ministry tending towards its dissolution, he tried to secure himself a sure place in the new administration by so meanly deserting his colleagues in the old; but when, in this lottery of politics, their duration seems probable for a few months or weeks more, no vicar of Bray more ready at Tergiversation.

VERITAS.

From the British Chronicle, Sept. 2.

EXTRACT from *The* POLITICAL REGISTER, *Number* IV. *Printed for J. Almon, in Piccadilly.*

An impartial account of a late interesting conference; with several particulars previous and subsequent.

SOME weeks before the rising of parliament, Mr. Conway declared to several of his friends a resolution he had taken to resign; because, as he said, his situation was become extremely disagreeable to him, he was over-ruled in his opinion of measures which he did not advise; and because he was in his office necessarily obliged to act in opposition to his friends, with whom he wished to be reunited. And he made the same declaration, or something not very unlike it, to a great personage, but at the same time said, he would stay, till a successor was appointed. In consequence of this declaration, he ceased to transact business in his office, and circular letters were sent to the ambassadors for four weeks together, signifying that he was out of employment.

A few days before the rising of parliament, the L—d Pr—l—t (L—d N) declared to the same great personage, his resolution to resign, on account of his ill state of health, and real inability to attend the public business; and advised the great person to send for the D. of B. L—d T. Mr. G. &c. whom he had before publickly declared *were equal to their offices.*

This, tho' unexpected event, bore no relation to the preceding declaration of Mr. C. nor were the two persons in the smallest degree connected.

A few days after the rising of parliament, the great person wrote a letter with his own hand to one of his principal servants, who lay sick at Hampstead, acquainting him of his resolution to make some alterations in his servants, and desiring his assistance or advice. The servant sent a *verbal* answer to this effect, "That such was his ill state of health, the great person must not expect from him any further advice, or assistance, in any arrangement whatsoever."

It being now certain, that application must be made to some part of the opposition, the Duke of N, who dreaded nothing so much as a division of them, and, therefore, had for some time strongly recommended a firm union among them against the secret designs of the Favourite; whom, it is said, he suspected would attempt to repeat his old trick of dividing them: His Grace conversed with the friends of all the leaders of the opposition; and pressed with particular affinity and extraordinary ardour, the great and indispensible necessity of a faithful and steady adherence to each other. He shewed the advantages which must result from such an union, and he exhibited the wretched and ruined situation into which any part of them must inevitably fall, if they suffered themselves to be seduced from their friends. His Grace took infinite and incredible pains to unite the houses of Russel and Wentworth; lest, by the secret machinations of the Favourite, (against whose influence no administration has hitherto been able to stand, the moment he chooses to become their enemy) either of them should be over reached, or drawn in by a principle of mistaken duty; when, in reality, it is a much more essential duty, and a matter of strict justice, to enquire after the *Author* of the public grievances, than to connive at the protection afforded him. With a view to the final accomplishment of this union, so extremely interesting to the welfare of the country, the L—ds G—w—r, W—y—th, and Mr. R—gby, dined with his Grace at C—r—nt; and a few days afterwards, (July 5 1767,) the marquis of R. and several of his friends, dined likewise with his Grace at the same place.

At this period we will leave the opposition, and turn to the proceedings of the C—rt.

In consequence of the *verbal* answer received from Hampstead, the Favourite applied to his *former* associate lord H—d, who had so materially assisted him in procuring an approbation of the late peace, and other measures. That person sent him his advice on Sunday morning July the fifth; soon after the receipt of which, the favourite set out for R—ch—d; and it was remarkable, and much taken notice of at the time, that a great personage did not come to town that day. Whatever was the plan then adopted for a new arrangement of M—s is not exactly known; and if it were, might be more decently guessed, than related. Certain it is, that that part of the opposition supposed to be the least hostile to the Favourite was immediately applied to. The D. of G. wrote a letter, by order of the C—rt, to the marquis of R. "requesting his lordship's return to court, to assist in the present critical situation of affairs." This naturally brought on an interview between the duke and the marquis; when, among other things, his grace said, "That he was tired of his office, and wished his lordship might be his successor." Lord R. asked, "whether his grace said this from his own, or from the authority of an higher power?" The duke said, "he could not answer that question." The conference broke off; but, two days after, was renewed; when lord R. asked the duke "whether he was treating with the ——'s M——r, or with the D. of G?" The duke answered, "with the ——'s M——." Lord R. then said "he would not conclude upon any thing without the advice and participation of his friends." Accordingly on Saturday, July 21, he set out for Woburn, where he found lord A. who had stopped there in his way to Buxton, for his health: when the above particulars were laid before his grace the duke of B. who said "that as the great personage had made choice of the marquis of R. for his M—r, he should readily acquiesce in that nomination, for the sake of putting an end to parties, and of restoring unanimity, so peculiarly essential at this time to the management of the public business; but though he renounced all pretensions to any place or emolument for himself, yet he must not mean that his friends should for that reason be excluded: On the contrary, he stipulated, that they should be considered in the new arrangement; and upon that condition he chearfully offered his support to the administration. And he added, that if the great personage had made choice of himself to treat with, he should have expected the same kind of renunciation from his lordship, regarding himself personally, and his friends should, in like manner, have been taken care of. However, his grace said, That all this was conditionally only, for he would not agree to any thing without first consulting lord T. and Mr. G." Accordingly Mr. R. went over to them, and their joint answer was, an ex & concurrence with the D. of B. into whose hands they committed the entire management of this negociation: They said, "They would take nothing themselves, for the same laudable reasons which had influenced his grace, and they only desired, as he had done, that their friends might be considered, and upon that condition they promised to support the new administration with all their power and ability." It must not be forgot, that the duke of N—rf—lk said precisely the same. Thus these four great and respectable persons, of acknowledged ability and great experience, agreed to sacrifice themselves in order to restore tranquility to the public, unanimity to the —'s counsels, and establish an able and permanent administration, composed of men of talents, judiciously selected from all parties. Lord R. impressed with this idea, and following as he had done, in his confidences with the D. of B. the advice and direction of his good and worthy friend lord A. returned to London; with full powers to treat upon the formation of a new administration, upon a *broad and comprehensive system.* The duke of G. was made acquainted with this, and desired to report it to a great personage, which he did on the 15th of July. The great personage took two days to consider of it. On Friday the 17th, an answer was said to be returned to the D. of G. to this effect, "That the great personage adopted and approved of the idea of a *comprehensive system*, and hoped it was not meant to exclude his friends, and those about his person; for the rest he entirely agreed." Which answer being given to lord R. he sent for the D. of B to London, who arrived on Sunday evening the 19th.

On monday July the 20th, it was agreed, that there should be a meeting of the several persons in town at Newcastle-house that day, and accordingly there came the dukes of B—df—d, N—rf—lk, R—m—d, and P—tl—d; the marquis of R—ck—gham; the earl of S—dw—ch; viscount W—y—th; Mr. D—wdesw—ll, Mr. R—by, and admiral K—ppel.

Mr. R. read a letter from Mr. G. wherein that gentleman "promised his support to the new administration, out of office, provided the dependance and obedience of the colonies was *asserted* and *maintained.*" Much altercation instantly arose upon reading this letter. The marquis of R. was warm. The duke of B. remarkably cool and temperate. At length lord S—dw—ch said, "that it was needless to debate about that letter, for he was certain they all meant the same thing; that their conduct, respecting the colonies, must be regulated by the future behaviour of the colonies, and not by any regard or retrospect to former transactions. If the colonies, added his lordship, are dutiful and loyal, there will be no occasion to exercise any extraordinary power over them; and if they should be otherwise, he did not doubt but all present, as well as their friends, would join in every proper and necessary measure to enforce obedience." This reasoning being approved of, and all uniting in the same sentiments, Mr. D—wdesw—ll took up the letter, and struck out the two words *asserted* and *maintained*, and put in *supported* and *established*. Here all altercation upon this subject entirely ended, Mr. R—by folded up the letter, and put it into his pocket; and there was not another word uttered concerning it.

They then came to the arrangement of men to the great offices; the subject upon which they had met. The marquis of R. was proposed for first lord of the treasury, with the powers usually annexed to that post, and Mr. D—wdesw—ll for his chancellor of the exchequer; to all which the D. of B. agreed. The marquis next proposed Mr. C—nw—y for secretary of state, and *minister of the house of commons.* § To which the duke of B. said, "that he had for two sessions seen sufficient proofs of Mr. C's inability in a civil capacity, ever to agree to that proposal; that he thought the military was Mr. C's proper line; that he had always entertained a very high opinion of him as a military officer; that he had not the least objection to M. C's being amply provided for on the military establishment; nay, to his being gratified to the utmost of his wishes."

The marquis of R. said, that it was a proposal from which he would not recede;" and other words to the same effect. Upon which Mr. R. said, "that they stopped at the threshold, and that it was needless to go any further into the matter."

The parties broke up, without any other condition being so much as mentioned.

Next morning (Tuesday, July 21.) The earl of S—dw—ch having occasion to make a visit to the D. of N. his grace took the opportunity of resuming the subject of last night's conference: "he earnestly conjured his lordship to exert his abilities, and employ all his good offices in endeavouring to reconcile the parties who had differed; he urged again and again, the necessity of their agreeing upon the great, this important occasion: he trembled for the mischiefs and dangers, which must arise from a division of their strength and interests; and concluded with repeatedly supplicating, in the strongest terms, that they might be brought together again to his house that evening." Lord S—dw—ch waited on the D. of B. and the D. of N. went himself to the marquis of R. Accordingly the following five met at N—wc—stle house that evening; viz. the dukes of B. and N. the marquis of R. Mr. D—wdesw—ll and Mr. R—by; when the marquis insisting on the proposal he had before made respecting Mr. C. and declaring he would not agree to any arrangement in which Mr. C. was not included in that capacity, and the duke of B. refusing to agree to it, the conference finally broke off.

Next day, Wednesday, the marquis of R. waited on the great personage, and, it is said, acquainted him, that he had met his friends, who had agreed to the proposal of his being first lord of the treasury, but since they had differed in providing for Mr. C. and that, in consequence of that difference, he had

§ *This office is but of a modern institution; and, to the inexperienced reader, may require some explanation. The first we find upon record, is one, who, in November 1753 received his first written instructions in the following words:*

SIR,

"The king has declared his intention to make me secretary of state, and (very unworthy as I fear I am of such an undertaking) must take the conduct of the house of commons. I cannot therefore well accept the office till after the first day's debate, which may be a warm one. A great attendance that day of my friends will be of the greatest consequence to my future situation, and I should be extremely happy, if you would, for that reason, throw yourself amongst them, to the great honour of, &c. &c."

no plan of administration to lay before him. The great personage thanked his lordship for the pains he had taken, and the regard he had shewn to his service; but added, *That he never knew the treasury was dirty, and for his part* &c.

From the conclusion of this answer it is clear, that either the marquis or K. greatly mistook the D. of G. in the conferences he had with his grace; or, that his grace was not sufficiently candid and explicit in his conversation with the marquis. The latter is said to have been the case.

The Marquis of R. waited on the D. of B. (Thursday, July 23) and expressed his desire, that no difference, &c. arise between them on account of what had past, but that they might continue in the same union and friendship as before; which was accepted.

On Friday, July 24. Mr. C. attempted to renew the negotiation with the marquis of R. exclusively; but the marquis refused to leave his friends.

All negociation being now at an end, the leading persons in administration met to consider on what plan to conduct.

They all agreed to remain in their places.

It is to the honour of the opposition, that all sinister offers, and temptations, which were repeatedly held out to different parts of them, in order to divide them, were steadily repelled and uniformly refused. It is to be lamented, that they were not able to compromise their own differences; though it is not difficult for a man of penetration to see, that if the respectable persons who met at N-castle House had agreed, there was still a possibility of other obstacles being secretly thrown in the way, which might have afterwards appeared in another place. And it is shrewdly imagined, that this negociation was not intended to succeed, when it was found they were not to be divided. Certain it is, that an unhappy suffering country is still deprived of the much wished-for services of its real and most able friends; of that desirable union, which alone can give stability to government, and can relieve, or rather relieve us from the all-consuming hand of a wicked favourite. A. B.

* *Immediately after the Marquis of R's coming out, lord M was introduced to the great personage, and his lordship had the honour of a private conference, which lasted a considerable time.*

Though the wings of prerogative have been clipt, the influence of the crown is greater than ever it was in any period of our history. For when we consider in how many hands the government has the power at its command; when we consider the vast body of persons employed in the collection of the revenue in every part of the kingdom, the incalculable number of placemen, and candidates for places in the customs, in the excise, the pallace of the dock yards, the ordnance, the salt office, the pipe, in the navy and victualling offices, and a variety of other departments; When we consider again the extensive influence of the money corporations, subscriptions, loans, and contractors; the endless dependance created by the chief rents conferred on the bulk of the gentlemen families throughout the kingdom, who have relations preferred, in our navy, and numerous standing army; when I say, we consider how wide, how binding a dependance on the crown is created by the above enumerated particulars; and the great, enormous weight and influence which the crown derives from this extensive dependance upon its favours and power; any lord in waiting, any lord of the bed chamber, any man, may be appointed minister.

A doctrine to this effect is said to have been the advice of L—d C—d.

From the Whitehall Evening-Post, Sept. 10.

BY the detail of the late conferences amongst the great, for composing a new ministry, it is very observable, that they were rendered fruitless, not on account of any disagreement about measures proposed for the good of the kingdom, but on account of their difference in opinion about filling up the posts of the people, and placing their own particular friends therein. It does not appear by such detail that the least mention was made of any measures that were proper to be taken to redress the grievances of the nation, or to stem that torrent of corruption, which has vitiated the very vitals of our constitution: on the contrary, the chief disagreement amongst them was, who was the properest person to support such corrupt ministerial system, and to take the lead in a certain assembly. By which it is very evident that they held such conferences not about the interest of their king and country, but their own. The people of England, therefore, are not at all concerned, that such conferences, wherein their good was not in the least considered, broke up fruitlessly and in confusion. The people want, and earnestly wish for, a ministry that will make their good the principal object of their consideration, and restore their rotten constitution to some degree of purity; and if they cannot obtain such a one, they care not, our is it of any import to them, who come into power, or who goes out.

VOX POPULI.

From the London Gazette.

WHITEHALL, September 8.

THE king has been pleased to appoint Hen. Hulton, John Temple, Wil. Burch, Chr. Paxton, and John Robinson, Esqrs. to be commissioners for the receipt and management of his majesty's customs and other duties in America.

The King has been pleased to grant unto James Porter, Esq; the office of comptroller of the cashier of the accounts of the customs, and other duties in America.

The king has been pleased to grant unto Charles Stuart, Esq; the office of cashier and pay-master of his majesty's revenues of customs, and other duties in America.

The king has been pleased to grant unto Philip Sharpe, Esq; one of the clerks of his majesty's council, the office of keeper of the privy-council records, in the room of William Sharpe, Esq; deceased.

Lisbon, August 18. On Sunday last, the 16th instant, William Henry Lyttleton, Esq; his Britannick majesty's envoy extraordinary and plenipotentiary, arrived here from on board his majesty's frigate the Tweed. [*Gazette.*

LONDON, September 5.

BEFORE the earl of Chatham set out on his journey into Somersetshire, his lordship wrote (it is confidently whispered) a letter to a great personage, and a short note to his grace the D. of G. imparting his apprehension (from the weak state of his health) of his soon being obliged to give over all thoughts, and to take a final leave, of every sort of public business for the future.

The following political conjectures, we hear, occurred in a conversation this week at a coffee-house near St. James's:

That the marriage of the prince Stadtholder with a princess of Prussia, would be a fine barrier to the Dutch; and that in case of a rupture with England, the king of Prussia would immediately seize Hanover. Nay, it was even expected that the K. of P. was so offended at his demand of three years subsidy not being accepted of by England, who put him off with one only and made peace without his consent, that he will take the first pretence of joining the family compact, who will then permit him to seize Hanover as a recompence.

That a war with France, Spain and Holland must soon happen; and that the French had got 60 ships of the line already, more than they ought to have, besides a great number of frigates, and would take the first opportunity of relating upon England, by seizing their fleets when the seas were covered with them in coming home.

That as an inducement for the king of Prussia to join the family compact, France was to allow a toleration of religion throughout her dominions, which would be the greatest blow England could receive.

Many of the gentlemen were of opinion, that a war with France, Spain and Holland, would be of advantage to England, because then it must be confined to a naval one, and would be the only means of uniting the nation.

It has always been observed, that previous to a war with France, the French ambassadors generally make the most splendid appearance.

'Tis said to prevent any farther animosities between the mother country and the colonies, the expediency of granting the Americans representatives in the English parliament, will be considered the moment a new administration is established.

'Tis said there are three new comedies to make their appearance at Drury lane theatre next season, wrote by gentlemen of great abilities.

'Tis also said that there are 2 new musical pieces, and a tragedy, to make their appearance at Covent Garden theatre next season.—By these means the public is likely to be well entertained.

SEPTEMBER 9

Letters from Paris say, that one of the first princes of Europe has wrote to the king, that he shall go from Naples to France, but incog. to avoid the trouble and inconveniences of ceremony.

The duke of York, say the same letters, is gone to Toulouse and Montpellier, and from thence will proceed into Provence, to see the Southern parts of that kingdom.

SEPTEMBER 10.

Yesterday the earl of Halifax arrived at his house in Great George-street, from his seat at Horton in Northamptonshire.

Yesterday his majesty came from Richmond to St. James's, where there was a levee and afterwards a cabinet council.

Yesterday the right hon. lord Mansfield was sworn in Chancellor of the exchequer, *pro tempore*, and the seals were delivered to him accordingly.

Same day the earl of Halifax had a grand levee at his house in Great George-street.

The right hon. lord North, and Mr. Dowdeswell, are both arrived in town, but the general opinion is that the former will be appointed chancellor of the exchequer, in the room of the right hon. Charles Townshend, Esq; deceased.

By a gentleman who arrived yesterday from Burton Pynsent, in Somersetshire, which place he left on Monday morning, we are credibly informed that lord Chatham had received great benefit from his journey thither, was surprizingly recovered, and proposed to set out for Bath in about three weeks, for the further establishment of his health.

It is said, that a gentleman, lately belonging to the royal navy, has invented a cannon shell, of a new construction, for naval service, to answer the purpose of a bomb; a proof of which has lately been made with a forty-p under, and it has been found, in every respect, to answer.

It is said that some of the East India Nabob's money has found its way to a set of royal boroughs between the Tay and the Forth; and the contest will be very warm betwixt the present member, secretary to the noble order of the Thistle, and an eminent Scots councellor of Edinburgh.

His excellency the lord lieutenant of Ireland's departure for that kingdom, is now said to be fixed for the second of next month.

SEPTEMBER 19.

Yesterday his majesty came from Richmond to St. James's, where there was a levee.

His royal highness the duke of York is expected home the middle of next month at farthest.

It is most certain that a ministerial negotiation is now carrying on, and that it is on a basis that strongly promises the utmost permanency, being greatly different from, and infinitely more extensive and conciliating, than any proposed administration hitherto in agitation.

We are told that the dukes of Newcastle, Bedford, Northumberland, and Richmond; the marquis of Rockingham; the earls of Halifax, Sandwich, Gower, and Shelburne; the right hon. Mr. Dowdeswell, and Mr. Conway; and Isaac Barre and Edmund Burke, Esqrs. are all included in the intended new ministry.

It is said, that the high office of Chancellor of the Exchequer, will certainly be bestowed on the right hon. George Grenville before the meeting of the next session of parliament; till when, it is thought lord Mansfield will continue in that office.

By the best accounts from abroad, we are assured that the great object now in agitation between the courts of Paris, Madrid, and Lisbon, turns on the best manner of totally excluding the papal jurisdiction out of their respective dominions, and engaging other roman catholic powers to do the same.

It is said the Portuguese court have given a very insolent answer to our remonstrances; the purport of which is said to be, that if we do not like our present situation of trading with them, we may take what remedy we please, for they shall buy where they can cheapest; and as to their wines, we cannot do without them, for no other wines will adulterate with our made wines.

Yesterday his excellency the earl of Rochford, set out from his house in Dover-Street, on his embassy to the court of France.

We hear that William de Grey, Esq; his majesty's attorney-general, and member for Newport in Cornwall, will be appointed lord Chancellor of Ireland, and that he has been sent for to town on the occasion.

We hear that the orders are given from the war-office for raising a number of recruits, for completing the regiments lately arrived from North-America and the West-Indies.

New Advertisements.

ATKINS & WESTON

Inform their friends and customers, that by the ship Nancy, Capt. Jordan, from London, they have just imported,

TWO very LARGE and COMPLEAT ASSORTMENTS of GOODS, one for their TOWN, and the other for their STORE, and as they consist of almost every article usually imported, they think it needless to descend to particulars, further than that they have two well finished STILLS, of twenty and thirty gallons, and a warranted EIGHT DAY CLOCK, in a neat mahogany Case, to dispose of in town, somewhat under the usual advance, and at a reasonable credit. They have at Store, a neat RIDING CHAIR and HARNESS, that will be sold cheap, and a quantity of women's COLOURED CALIMANCO SHOES, London made, and of a good quality, to sell at twenty-seven shillings and six pence a pair. It is their intent to keep both their stores well supplied, and their customers may place a fixed confidence in their selling on as reasonable terms as any people in the province.

IF THOMAS RUMBOLD, late of Long Alley, near Moorfields, in the county of Middlesex; or William Rumbold, of the same place, his brother, who were sons of Thomas RUMBOLD formerly of the same place, flocking trimmer, deceased, who was the son of William Rumbold, heretofore of King's Clere, in the county of Southampton, yeoman, deceased, or if dead, any of their lawful issue will apply to Messrs. Bristow and Winterbottom, at Merchant Taylor's Hall, London, or to Mr. James Gwyn, attorney at law, in Alderfgate Street, London, on or before the thirtieth day of January next, they will be informed of something greatly to their advantage; or if any person or persons can produce good proof of the deaths of the said Thomas Rumbold and William Rumbold without issue, or of the last place of abode of the said Thomas Rumbold, and William Rumbold, to the said Messrs. Bristow and Winterbottom, or to Mr. James Gwyn, on or before the said thirtieth day of January, such person or persons will be handsomely rewarded for their trouble.

N. B. The said Thomas Rumbold, and William Rumbold are supposed to have gone to some part of North-America, about fifty years ago, and to have been then about sixteen or seventeen years of age, and one or both to have enlisted in some one of the regiment or regiments in his Majesty's service there.

To be Sold,

On Thursday, the 19th of November instant, at the usual place in Charles Town,

A PLANTATION on Goose-Creek, about 10 miles from Charles Town, known by the name of Fort Hill, lies between Dr. Moultrie's and Mrs. Wood's lands, containing about 640 acres of good rice and corn land, and has much lime stone on it; is very pleasantly situated for a country seat, very convenient for raising stock, and has a very good landing. For further particulars inquire of ALEXANDER GILLON,

Who intends leaving the Province this month, therefore desires all persons to whom he is indebted, and whose accompts are due, to call and receive payment; and all those who have favoured him with their custom, are desired to pay before the 20th instant, or they will be sued without distinction.

MARGARET WILMER,

HAVING lost her child, would be glad of a place as a wet nurse. Inquire for her at the new barracks.

Theodore Gaillard, jun.

Has just imported a large and fresh assortment of goods, amongst which are,

A Variety of fashionable broad cloths and trimmings,
A large quantity of Irish linens and osnabrugs,
Purple ground callicoes and cottons
Flowered and striped gauzes,
Broad blond lace
Pink, yellow, green and crow colour'd mantuas, free of spots,
Which will be sold reasonably.
Purple, green, and black corded paduasoy at 8 for 1, cash.

A few pieces of stripe silks at seven and an half for one, black and green palong at 26 s. per yard, crimson and black persians at 10 s. 6 d. if not less than 10 yards are taken at a time.

RICHARD WALTER, & Co.

At DORCHESTER,

Have just imported, in the Portland, Capt. Biggins, from LONDON,

A Fresh and neat assortment of goods for the season, and will there be sold as cheap, as at any store in the province.

JOHN DAWSON, & Co.

Have just imported in the Portland, Capt. Biggins, from LONDON,

A NEAT cargo of goods for the season, the choice of which has been carefully attended to, and which (added to their other stock) renders a very compleat assortment, and will be sold at their stores in Charles-Town, and at Monk's Corner, remarkable cheap. 6

THE subscriber gives this public notice to every person any ways indebted to the estate of William Joor, late of Bacon bridge, either by bond, note, or book debt; that they discharge the same on or before the 25th of March ensuing, after which date the books of accompt will be put into the hands of an attorney, to be sued for without distinction, as there is an absolute necessity of closing the affairs of said estate by that time.

Those to whom the estate is indebted, are desired to send in their accompts properly attested, either to John Baker, in Charles-Town, or

Dorchester, Oct. 20. JOHN JOOR, *Executor.*

STRAYED or stolen, from Charles-Town green, two galdings, one of which is a sorrel, had a bow mane, about thirteen hands high, has a bump on his shoulder, and is branded with the muzzle of a gun thus ° ° °, and has another brand but is so got ——

The other is a bright bay with a black mane and tail, about fourteen hands high, has one wall eye, and is branded HC on the buttock. It was formerly well known about Port-Royal by the name of Bird. Whoever will bring said horses to the subscriber in Charles-Town, shall receive two dollars reward for each, from EDWARD DAVIES.

TO BE SOLD, *at public auction,*

At the usual place in Charles-Town, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 27th of November next,

THE Plantation whereon the subscriber now lives, containing five hundred and sixacres of as good land as any in the province, with a good dwelling house, barn, rice machine, and all other necessary out-houses; about sixty acres of the swamps are under good fence and proper dams.—The above tract is so well known, that it needs no further recommendation. Credit will be given to the first of March 1768, giving approved security, to WILLIAM MILES.

ALL persons any ways indebted to the estate of Mary Withers, late of Charles-Town, deceased, are hereby required to make immediate payment, in order to bring the affairs of said estate to a speedy settlement, and all those who have any just demands thereon are desired to bring them in properly attested, either to me at Winyaw, or to John Calvert, in Charles Town, who is authorized and impowered by me for that purpose,

JOHN WITHERS, *Administrator.*

The COPARTNERSHIP of *VILLEPONTOUX & WARING,*

being expired, and the former having declined the mercantile business;

THEY return thanks to all who have favoured them with their custom: And as there is a necessity for speedily closing the affairs of the said co-partnership, they hope, all those who have been kind enough to deal with them, and whose accompts will become due the end of the year, will also be so kind then to come and settle, which will much oblige

Their humble servants,
VILLEPONTOUX & WARING.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF NEGRO SHOES,

MADE by one of the best hands in the province, all fresh and mostly large sizes, to be sold at *Seventeen Shillings* and *Six Pence* the pair, by WARD & LEGER.

TO BE SOLD, *BRABANT's,*

A Plantation in St. Thomas's Parish, containing 2588 acres; of which 300 Acres are under a good Fence, fit for Rice and Corn; the Pine Land very valuable for Sawing, and making Pitch and Tar.—This plantation will, (if purchasers choose) be divided into two or more tracts. There is a tolerable good Dwelling House on one Part of the Land, and an extraordinary good one, with Kitchen, Barn, Pounding Mill, Corn-House, and all other convenient Out-Houses, in good Repair on the other.

ALSO, A Tract of Land, containing 200 Acres, bounding on Lands belonging to Captain *Miller*, (late *Monnon's*) and on Lands belonging to the *Free-School* and Mr. *Johnston*.

ALSO, A Tract of Land, containing 1100 Acres, in Prince Frederick Parish, Craven-County; lying on the South Side of *Pedee-River*, Six Miles below *Marr's-Bluff*; butting and bounding upon the said River, and upon *Giffer's-Creek*, and upon Lands of *Peter Bounetheau*, and Mr. *Saunders*.—Four Hundred and Fifty Acres are high Swamp; One Hundred and Fifty of which, may be enclosed with 60 Panels of Fence. This Tract includes *Warbee-Point*. For further Particulars, enquire in *Charles-Town*, of

[t. f.] ROBERT SMITH.

For SALE, ON EASY TERMS,

THirteen hundred acres of land, at Wassamsaw, in two tracts.—Also twelve hundred acres of land in three tracts, situate on the Four hole and Wilkinson's swamp, late the property of Mr. Abraham Dupont, deceased, and are exceeding good for corn, rice, and indico, and in a fine range for stock. [t.f.] BENJ. VILLEPONTOUX.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of the valuable lot of land whereon I now live, containing thirty feet in front, on Church-street, and two hundred feet in depth. For farther particulars enquire of JOSEPH VERREE.

THE subscriber, at his house in King-street, a few doors from Broad-street, has accommodations to lodge and board three or four gentlemen.——He would be glad also to take four gentlemen as day-boarders.

Oct. 19, 1767. WILLIAM MAGBY.

CHARLES-TOWN, November 2.

TUESDAY last arrived here from England, his Majesty's ship Fowey, of 20 guns, commanded by Mark Robinson, Esq; who is stationed here for three years, and to command in chief all his Majesty's ships from Virginia to the Bahama Islands. Another ship is to come out for this station, two for North Carolina, one for Georgia, and one for St. Augustine; the last we hear, is the Bonetta, commanded by Capt. James Wallace, who lately had the Tryal.

The same day Mr. James Stanyarne was married to Mrs. Henrietta Raven, relict of the late William Raven, Esq.

Thursday last the brigantine which Mr. Foskey boarded the 11th past off this bar, and was blown off, arrived safe here, not having received any additional damage in the late storm. She is called the Phœnix, the master's name Michael Dodsworth, and was bound from Pensacola for London.

The Brigantine Hope, Robert Whitlock master, from this port for London, notwithstanding the information given by Capt. Seymour in our last, is hoped is still safe; as it does not appear that she had received any damage in said storm, and the weather was so hazy that it was impossible to see her the rest of the day.

The schooner Fanny, Capt. M'Coy, from Pensacola, arrived here last Wednesday from Pensacola, narrowly escaped being lost in said storm, and was afterwards blown off the coast.

By a vessel from Bermuda, we learn that the said storm had extended eastward as far as that island, and that in the beginning of it, the Brigantine Pitt, Capt. Williamson, of and from Wilmington in North Carolina, was drove on the rocks. She was bound for same port in England, laden with naval stores, about 200 barrels of which were saved.

The General Assembly will meet here to-morrow.

This day 130 barrels of NEW RICE were sold at *Three Pounds* per hundred.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Oct. Arrivals at Charles-Town. *From*

27th. His Majesty's ship Fowey, Mark Robinson, Esq; commander } Portsmouth
Schooner Polly, Jeremiah Newton, Providence
Sloop Three Friends, Ja. Carpenter, R. Island
28th. Schooner Margaret, William Blyth, Georgia
Schooner Fanny, John M'Coy, Pensacola
Sloop Ranger, Horace Wood, Bermuda
29th. Brigt. Phœnix, Michael Dodsworth, Pensacola
30th. Ship Canada, John Macleod, London
Brigt. James & Ann, James Dodd, Bermuda
Schooner Endeavour, Patrick Bower, Pensacola

Sept.	Sailed	*For*
27th.	Schooner Betsey, James Rogers	Cape Fear
	Sloop Hope, Daniel M'Coy,	Barbados
28th.	Ship John & Elizabeth, A. Cornish,	Dominica
	Snow Peggy, Robert Pollock,	Cape Fear
	Sloop Betsey, Edward North,	Providence
	Sl. Cape Fear Packet, J. Romain,	Cape Fear
29th.	Ship General Wolfe, Step. Maclam,	Virginia
31st.	Br. Prince of Wales, Tho. Mason,	Philadelphia
	Brigt. Prince George, David Watson,	London
	Schooner Polly, Jeremiah Newton,	Philadelphia
	Sl. Duke of Lancaster, Wm. Robertson,	St. Kitts
	Sloop Benjamin, Nath. Dickinson,	Jamaica
	Sloop Henry, Edward Todd,	Bermuda

May sail, (or be loaded, this week.)	*For*
Ship Martha, Gideon Manchester,	Jamaica
Snow Kinnoul, Robt. Alexander,	Leith

Arrivals from this Port.	*At*
Schooner Jane, Charles Morgan,	*Georgia*
Sloop Diana, George Luther	*Bermuda*
Schooner W. & Sarah, William Brown,	*Providence*
Schooner Georgia Packet, James Fitzsimons,	*Georgia*
Sloop Patience, Milner Tucker,	*Providence*
Sloop Sally, Seth Harvey,	*Bermuda*
Sloop Betsey, Solomon Gibbs,	*Bermuda*
Schooner Charm, Sally, Phinehas Potter,	*Rhode Island*
Sloop Dolphin, Joseph Potter,	*Rhode Island*

Advertisements.

IF any negro, or other suspicious person, should offer any milled doubloons to exchange, or to purchase goods with; the parties and money being stopt, and notice thereof given to the printer hereof, rewards will be given in proportion to what may by that means be recovered, by a person who has lately had some stolen from him.

J. Sarrazin,

JEWELLER,

Has just imported in the LITTLE CARPENTER, *Capt.* MAITLAND, *from* LONDON, *a large ASSORTMENT of JEWELLERY, of the newest fashion, and of exquisite workmanship, viz.*

GARNET necklaces, ear-rings and signets, paste, opal, and marcasite ditto, a great assortment of hair pins and sprigs, jewel'd combs, plain tortoise shell combs, bracelets, buttons of real and mock garnet, bears and bead earrings; a great variety of paste shoe buckles of the newest fashion patterns, paste and chrystal knee and stock buckles, diamond, ruby, emerald, saphire, topaz, amethist and hair rings in all fancies, diamond and garnet hoop rings, trinkets of all patterns for ladies watches, gold, metal, and steel watch chains, pearl and ivory fish and counters, coutteaux de chasse and small swords, swivle bitts, rattan loaded, furnished Morocco pocket books, etwee cases, and every article in the jewellery and silver smith's way, may be had at the said shop, at a very low advance, especially for cash.—Motto rings, and all kinds of jewellery, and silver smith's work done at usual shortest warning, neatest manner, and most money given for old gold, silver and jewels.—In about six weeks he expects a large assortment of plate. [6 w.]

A Good strong negro wench, to be sold, or lett by the month. Inquire of the printer.

The ASSESSORS and COLLECTORS of the general tax for the parishes of ST. PHILIP *and* ST. MICHAEL, CHARLES-TOWN,

HEREBY GIVE NOTICE,

THAT they will have finished their assessment by Tuesday the 17th of November next, at which time a duplicate thereof will be posted at the guard-house, for the ten following days, being to the time prescribed by law; during which time they will attend at the house of Mr. *Elisha Poinsett*, from the hours of 10 to 12 in the forenoon, and from 3 to 5 in the afternoon, in order that all persons who think themselves over rated may swear off.

Charles Town, }
Oct. 19, 1767. }

ELIAS VANDERHORST,
JOHN WARD,
JOHN BENFIELD,
JOSEPH DILL,
THOMAS HUTCHINSON.

To sail with the first of the new crop,
For any of the
WEST-INDIA ISLANDS,
The Brigant. NORTON
CHRIST. BROOKES, Master.

A Prime sailer, with very good accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage, treat with said master on board, at Eveleigh's wharf, or

GEORGE SMITH.

SOUTH CAROLINA,

WHEREAS at a Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize and General Jail Delivery, begun and holden at Charles Town, the 19th day of September,

CHARLES ODINGSELL, Ralph Izard, William Logan, William Cattell, jun. Thomas Lifton, Samuel Porcher, Joseph Alston, Edward Mortimer, William Stanyarne, John Hibben, Job Marion & John Palmer, being duly summoned and returned to serve as Grand Jurors, and Thomas Doughty, Elias Vanderhorst, William Shickleford, Alexander M'Intosh, Wentworth Wabob, John Caldwell, Nicholas Harleston, Daniel Williams, William Glover, and Benjamin Fuller, as Petit-Jurors, made default, and were noted for non-appearance.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the former will be fined in the sum of *Ten Pounds* proclamation money each, and the latter in the sum of *Five Pounds* like money each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient excuses, upon oath, for their non-attendance, on or before the 9th day of November next.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. & P.

Crown Office,
October 20, 1767.

SHEED and WHITE,

HAVING for some time declin'd the dry goods business, and being determin'd to close their affairs the ensuing winter, give this last and final notice, to all whom it may concern, that such bonds, notes or accompts as are not discharged by the first of February next, will, without distinction be sued for. *Oct.* 21, 1767.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP of the subscribers being for some time dissolved; the necessity they are under for a speedy close of their concerns, obliges them thus PUBLICKLY to inform all those, whose bonds, notes, or open accompts may remain unpaid, by the first day of February next, that on that day they are determined to place the same into the hands of an attorney to be sued for without distinction. JOHN STEWART, & Co.

ANN MATHEWES,

Has just imported in the Nancy, *Capt. Jordan, from* London, *a neat assortment of goods, amongst which are the following articles, viz.*

BEST London duffils, white and colour'd plains, red and striped flannels, printed cottons, callicoes, nankinning, diapers, Russia linen, colour'd mantuas, list carpet, womens callimanco shoes and pumps, ditto superfine leather, ditto childrens, ditto womens gloves and mitts, fine bohea tea, gilt trunks, Durham mustard, Florence oil, Turlington's balsam, British oil, &c. raisins, currants and prunes in jars, spices, needles, pins, &c. fans, ribbons, bobbins, sattin, check handkerchers, Skeleton wire, head, blond and bed laces, black feather'd pompoons, china, cock feather plumes, ditto aigrets, French and Italian breast flowers, black earrings, boys black and white cap feathers, ladies ditto, silver blond fan Edge for trimmings, double ditto, silver fit mathers, silver aigrets, ditto wire, silver spanglies laces, pin cushion boxes, rich gauze aprons, figured gauze, French alamode, black sattin, mode, scarlet cloaks and cardinals, black ditto, fine canvas, naked dolls, double and single refin'd loaf sugar, Poland starch, plain and perfum'd hair powder, Indian court plaister, scrubbing brushes, teeth and buckle ditto, curtain rings, tops and marbles, slit las and childrens books, Scotch snuff, powder, shott, and a great many other articles, too tedious to enumerate.

Daniel's Island,

YOUNG gentlemen and ladies may be taught ENGLISH, ARITHMETIC, LATIN, FRENCH and SPANISH, at £. 50 per annum.

Mrs. Sarah Lesesne, and Mr. Edward Martin take boarders at £. 120 per annum.

October 20, 1767.

One hundred Pounds Reward,

RUN away (in July last) from my cow pen, on Savannah river, a short well sett fellow, upon the yellow or mattee order, a little bow legg'd and round shoulder'd, is very sensible, and has a remarkable scar over one of his eyes and was seen last week near George Galphin's, Esq; on Savannah river, in company with Timothy Tyrrell, George Black, John Anderson, Anthony Dillow, Edward Wells, and others, all horse thieves who were then going for Halifax's river to steal horses, as appears from the evidence of one of their accomplices now in custody. The above reward will be given for the apprehending and delivering said fellow to the warden of the work-house in Charles-Town and a further reward of fifty pounds, to be paid upon conviction of the fellows who stole the following horses a fortnight ago from the above cow pen, and it's believed to be by the above robbers. One large Chickesaw bay gelding, fifteen hands high, slim, a small switch tail, branded X or W 2, and some other brand, and purchased of one Robinson, who keeps a cow-pen on the runs near Savannah town.—Also a bay gelding upon fourteen hands high, white face, with a remarkable bay spot in the forehead, encompassed by the white, and has all the under part of his belly and flanks white, branded W 2, with perhaps the X. A small white gelding branded W 2 or X, with some other brand unknown, and has been burnt for a fistula; also a dun gelding, black mane and tail, branded W 2, and appears to be of the pacing breed. FIVE POUNDS for each of the above horses will be paid upon their being delivered to Hardy Dolcatch, or Jacob Kitter, on Savannah River, or the subscriber in Charles Town.

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

LIND & CHOVIN,

RETURN thanks to their friends and customers for their past favours; and beg leave to inform them and the public, that they continue to carry on the FACTORAGE BUSINESS (on Mr. Burn's wharf) in all its branches, on the usual commissions; and that they have now provided themselves with eight good factorages, which will be kept constantly in readiness for their friends orders, which will be punctually complied with in town.

N. B. Said wharf will be kept clear for coasters to unload, and constant attendance given; but all bricks (after the first of November ensuing) that shall lay more than one week on said wharf, after landing, shall pay for every week after, as much per week as the charge of landing.

TO BE SOLD,
On the premises, on Thursday the 19th of November next, to the highest bidder,

THAT valuable plantation of Melcher Garner, deceased, in St. Paul's parish, adjoining lands of John Drayton, Esq; Peter Taylor, Esq; deceased, Mrs. Jane Hext, and the estate of Robert Glaze, with a very good dwelling house, a new built barn, fifty by twenty, and a tan leer shed, with every other convenient out-building: the said tract contains 375 acres, of which there are upwards of two hundred acres extraordinary good rice land, inferior to none in the province, with a good reservoir: the whole of the clear'd land is under good fence, and may be entered on by the purchaser the first of March next. The conditions will be made known on the day of sale. MELCHER GARNER.

Charles Town, November 1, 1767.

AGREEABLE to the directions of "an act of the general assembly of this province, intitled, "an act to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE "of BREAD;"

I HAVE enquired the price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies to be at *six pounds* and *five shillings per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *four pounds* and *five shillings* (being both used by the bakers); at which prices the HALF-CROWN loaves must weigh, as follows:

Of CAROLINA Flour,	lb.	oz.	dwt
White	2	8	0
Wheaten	3	12	0
Houshold	5	0	0

Of *Northward* Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White	2	12	0
Wheaten	3	10	0
Houshold	5	8	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due Notice

BENJ. SIMONS, Com. Gen.

THREE gentlemen will be taken as boarders, in a private family. Enquire of the printer.

TO BE SOLD,
On Wednesday the 4th Day of November, at the house where the late Revd. JOSEPH DACRE WILTON *lived,*

ALL the personal estate of the said JOSEPH DACRE WILTON, deceased, consisting of household furniture, plate, stock and several valuable NEGROES. Credit for all sums above three hundred pounds, paying interest, with approved security, will be given till the 4th day of November 1768.

All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment. And all who have any demands are requested to send in their accompts to the Rev. Robert Smith.

MARY WILTON, *Executrix.*

SOUTH CAROLINA,

By Order of His Excellency the Governor.

Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons having any demands on the PUBLIC of this province, to deliver in accompts of the same upon oath, (or before the 1st of *January* next, (in order to be laid before the commons house of assembly) to,

JACOB MOTTE, *Public Treasurer.*

For PORTUGAL
OR LONDON,
The BRIGANTINE
ST. ANTHONY,
MATHEW ARNOLD, master,

BURTHEN about 330 barrels of rice. For freight or passage (having very good accommodations) and is a prime sailer. Apply to said master, or to Mr. Thomas Pike.

N. B. A few gross of Champagne in bottles, to be sold by the above.

For LONDON,
To sail among the first ships,
The Ship NANCY,
(A prime sailer, and has good accommodations for passengers)
GEORGE JORDAN, master;

FOR freight of indico, skins, or other light goods, agree with said master, or

MILES BREWTON.

NOW SELLING OFF
Much under the common advance, by
WILSON CORAM, & Co;

A GENERAL assortment of goods. Any person inclinable to purchase the whole may have them at a very reasonable advance.

TO BE SOLD, at public vendue,
At the usual place in Charles Town, on Thursday the 19th day of November, 1767.

A Valuable tract of land, situated at Wappoo, containing 150 acres, more or less, in every good for corn or indico, and by its situation from Charles-Town (being very near and in sight of the town) is extremely handy for the market. It is also a very pleasant situation for a country seat. Bounded to the north west on land of Mr. William Harvey, to the north east on Ashley river, to the southward on lands of Edward Fenwicke, Esq; and to the south west on a creek called Mills's creek.

N. B. There are about 70 or 80 acres of it wood land, the rest cleared. Any person inclinable to purchase, may treat any time before the day of sale, with CHILDERMAS HARVEY.

THIS is to give notice, to those who may want a nurse, that they may depend on being faithfully and carefully served, by enquiring at Mrs. Sabina Elliott's lot, in Elliott street.

I Am informed by *James Armstrong*, of a brown bay mare, mixt with grey hairs, and middling old, with many saddle spots, and one or two white spots on her rump, branded on the nigh shoulder thus ⅄ on the nigh buttock thus 5 or 3 / 5 U and trots. The owner may have her proving the property before WILLIAM CALHOUN, T. M.

Long Canes, August 4, 1767.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ADAM DANIEL, for sundries sold at vendue, (which became due the 26th of last month) and also upon bond or otherwise, are desired to pay the same immediately to either of the subscribers, or they will be under the disagreeable necessity of putting the same in suit without further notice.

WILLIAM LOGAN } *Acting*
JOHN PARKER, } *Executors.*

JOSEPH LAMBERT informs me of a dark bay gelding, with a blazed face, his back full of saddle spots, and paces a little, 14 or 15 years old, about thirteen hands and an half high, & branded upon his mounting shoulder IM. The owner must prove his property, at Orangeburgh before LEWIS GOLIAN, J. P.

Sept. 28, 1767.

RUN away from my plantation, a negro fellow named Berwick, lately belonging to Cholmondely Dering. He is a tall down looking fellow, and very well known in and about Stono parish. He has a wife belonging to Mr. John Singleton, at Wappo, about which place it is imagined he lurks. Thirty pounds reward will be given to any person delivering him to the warden of the work-house in Charles-Town. ROGER PINCKNEY.

TO BE SOLD, or hired out by the month, or year,

A Negro man, named SAM, formerly governor Glen's coachman. He is a sensible handy fellow, and understands tending horses. Apply to BARY. SMITH.

William Gibbes,

HAS for sale, choice old Madera, Vidonia and Malaga wine in bottles by the dozen; Jamaica and West India rum by the hogshead or quarter cask; and good muscovado sugar. [6 w.]

THE subscriber purposing to pass the ensuing three months at St. Augustine, will leave the plats of the undermentioned tracts of land in the hands of *Mr. Isaac Motte* in Charles-Town; who will shew them to any persons inclinable to purchase the same.

A tract containing upwards of 1200 acres, on the south side of Pon-pon river, about four miles from Parker's ferry; at present occupied by himself with every useful building necessary for a large rice plantation, lately erected thereon. No other recommendation need be given of the goodness of this land, than a view of the present crop there.

—A tract of 500 acres of pine-barren, near the above, and joining Mr. John Izard's plantation, late Jones's.

A tract of 287 acres, lying on the river; where a ferry, established by law, is now kept by one Clements.

He has left the terms of sale for each with Mr. *Motte*; and if they should be accepted by any person, will make titles for the land on his return in the latter end of January.

[6 w.] WILLLIAM DRAYTON.

GODFREY & GADSDEN

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

In the Two Friends, Capt. Ball, and the America, Capt. Rainier, from LONDON, *and in the Prosper, Capt. Sleper, from* BRISTOL; *a* GREAT VARIETY *of*

FRESH GOODS:

AMONG WHICH ARE,

SCOTCH and Irish osnaburgs, yard wide brown sheeting from *five shillings* to *seven shillings* and *six pence* per yard, 3-4th, 7-8th and yard wide Irish linens from *five* to *fifty five shillings* per yard, fine clouting diapers, damask and diaper table cloths and napkins, damask napkinning, printed linens, cottons and callicoes, black and coloured India persians, India callicoes and chints, black and white gauzes, lawns, muslins, cambrick, SAIL CLOTH No. 1 to 6, with almost all kinds of LINEN DRAPERY GOODS.

BROAD CLOTHS and trimmings, white and coloured *PLAINS*, striped *DUFFILS*, a la-mode, black hombazeen, broad hoes, Dutch shoe thread, German and English steel, pewter water-plates, dishes, &c. cotton checks, cotton counterpains and gowns, men and boys beaver, castor and felt hats, hair powder, Poland starch, butter prints, pinching and curling irons, knives, scissars, and other cutlery, READY MADE CLOATHS, portmanteaus and mail-pillions, mens, womens, boys and RACE saddles, whips, linen and woollen girths and surfingles, and girth web, CORDAGE from two yarn to eight inch cables, a great variety of glasses, chimney and dressing glasses, mustard, anchovies, sweet oil, mangoes, olives, capers, walnuts and ketchup; scarlet and crimson hair shags, minionet and blond lace, mens, womens, girls and boys gloves and mitts, figs, currants and raisins, almonds, green, souchong, hyson and bohea teas, double and single refined sugar, paper, large copper kettles, brass sconces, mens, womens, boys and girls leather shoes, womens stuff ditto, rice sieves, wash-hand tumblers, wine glasses, decanters, syllabub and jelly glasses, neat GLASS PYRAMIDS, 4, 3, 10, 8, 20, 20 penny and spike nails, Bristol BEER, Taunton ALE, rich old CYDER, PORTER in barrels, chimney flower pots, butter pots, window glass, 12 by 10 and 10 by 8—crose cut and pit saws, linseed oil and paints, a few dozen of red and Port wine, Philadelphia flour in barrels and kegs, BAR IRON, a few mahogany and beach chairs, tables and drawers, with most other articles usually imported, and to be sold at their stores in Charles-Town, also a few dozen best London CLARET, at the cost and charges.

Who have to let out the HOUSE and STORES on the Bay, now occupied by Messrs. Guering and Williamson.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WILLIAM WIDDOWS, of the province aforesaid, who is in custody of the provost marshal, by virtue of two writs of *capias ad satisfaciendum*, one at the suit of *George Austin, Henry Laurens* and *George Appleby*, and the other at the suit of *William Guerin*, and likewise by virtue of a writ of *capias ad respondendum*, at the suit of *Robert M'Leod* and *Thomas Rutledge*, having petitioned the honourable the justices of his Majesty's court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of insolvent debtors. *It is ordered*, that the said *George Austin, Henry Laurens, George Appleby, Robert M'Leod, Thomas Rutledge*, and all others to whom the said petitioner is any wise indebted, be and they are hereby summoned, and have notice, to appear of the usual place of judicature, at the first sitting at the court of Common Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen three months after the publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they can, why the said petitioner should not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas Office, Sept. 23, 1767.

WHEREAS there is an absolute necessity of settling the affairs of the estate of Eberhard Ehney, deceased, the subscriber, administratrix to said estate, desires all persons whomsoever, who are any ways indebted, to pay off or otherwise settle their respective bonds, notes and accompts, on or before the first day of December next; and those who have any demands against it, are desired to bring in their demands properly attested to

CHRISTINA EHNEY, *Administratrix.*

ABSENTED themselves on the 25th of Sept. 1767, from the ship *Two Friends, Samuel Ball*, master, two indented servants, viz. JAMES FOSTER, aged about 22 years, well set, about 5 feet 6 inches high, his complexion ruddy, but a good deal sun-burnt, with short brown hair, inclined to curl; born in Norwich, and a gardener by trade, had on when he went away a brown coat, but may have changed his dress.

JOHN CLEGG, aged about 21 years, born at Manchester, and a carpenter by trade, about 5 feet 8 inches high, slender and stoops a little, his complexion fair, with small brown hair, and light eye-brows; had on a ragged brown coat.——Whoever takes up, and delivers them to said Samuel Ball, shall have ten pounds reward for each.

N. B. All masters of coasting or other vessels, are cautioned against carrying them off; and all other persons whatever, from harbouring or entertaining them, on pain of the most rigorous prosecution.

TO BE SOLD, at public vendue,

On Wednesday the 11th of November, at Neilson's ferry,

ALL the estate of Samuel Neilson, deceased, consisting of some valuable slaves, horses, cattle, sheep, houshold furniture, &c. All sums under 30 pounds to be cash, and for all above credit will be given to the first of November following, paying interest and giving approved security. The property not to be altered till the terms are complied with.—All persons indebted to said estate are advertised, for the last time, that if their respective debts are not discharged by the said day, they will be put in suit, and it is desired that all persons who have any demands will deliver them in properly attested, by the said day, to

JARED NEILSON, *Administrator.*

St. Paul's Parish, Beech-Hill, Oct. 9, 1767.

INFORMATION is made unto me of an iron grey gelding, thirteen hands high, which strayed into the plantation of major Samuel Elliott, at Cane Acres. He is branded on the mounting shoulder with a flower de luce and O underneath joining, on the near buttock thus *MAN* in one, and on the off buttock HJ, likewise joining. The owner must prove his property before

ANDREW LEITCH, *J. P.*

By his Majesty's Royal letters patent,

THE famous new invented STOMACH PILLS, prepared by James Speedieman, Esq; of London, are by particular appointment of the proprietor, sold by the subscriber, at his store in Broad-street, next door to Mr. Lockwood's, watchmaker.——I shall only say of these pills that they are a sovereign remedy for the Dry Belly Ach, for all pains and sickneſſes in the stomach, &c. &c. and that having brought a few boxes of them with me last year, to this province, upon trial they proved so beneficial to sundry persons who used them, that frequent solicitations were made to me, to send for more; this is undoubtedly a demonstrative proof of their goodness, which several people are ready to attest.

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

N. B. There are printed directions given with the pills how to use them, signed by the proprietor's own hand.

TO BE LET,

And may be entered the first of November,

THE front store in Broad street, with very commodious back stores and cellar, situate between Messrs. Thomas & Roger Smith, and Mr. Thomas Walter, occupied at present by Mr. James M'Call.—Enquire of

[t. f.] ISAAC MOTTE.

A Few pipes of Madera wine, good Jamaica, and old New-York rum, a parcel of small anchors, and a small quantity of bar iron, to be sold very cheap, by

[6 w.] BRAILSFORD & CHAPMAN.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

MARTIN LENARD, of the province aforesaid, who is in custody of the provost marshal, upon *mesne process*, at the suit of *Caleb Easton*, having petitioned the honourable the justices of his Majesty's court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of insolvent debtors. *It is ordered*, that the said *Caleb Easton*, and all others to whom the said petitioner is any ways indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have notice, to appear of the usual place of judicature, at the first sitting of the court of Common Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen three months after the publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they can, why the said petitioner should not have the prayer of the petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, *C. C. P.*

Pleas-Office, October 12, 1767.

IF JOSEPH BROOKES, of Virginia, be in this province, and will apply to the printer of this gazette, within four weeks from this date, he may hear of something considerably to his advantage. *October* 5, 1767.

ANNE IMER,

Widow of the Rev. Mr. ABRAHAM IMER,

BEGS leave to inform the public, that she has taken a house near Capt. William Moultrie's, where she has room for a few lodgers, who may be accommodated with breakfast.

Blond lace, &c. clean'd in the neatest manner.

And a stable and chair house to lett.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

IT IS ORDERED, by His Excellency the Governor, in Council, that the Names of the Magistrates, in the Commission of the Peace, be inserted in all the Gazettes of this Province.

For BERKLEY County.

The honorable — William Bull, Othniel Beale, Henry Middleton, Egerton Leigh, Charles Shinner, John Drayton, Daniel Blake, John Burn, Thomas Skottowe, Daniel Moore, Esqrs. — *Of the Quorum.*

Sir John Colleton, Bart. — *Of the Quorum.*

Robert Pringle, Rawlins Lowndes, Daniel Doyley, Peter Manigault, Benj. Smith, James Simpson, Dougal Campbell, Esqrs. — *Of the Quorum.*

William Burrows, John Troup, Edward Fenwicke, Gerard Saxby, Gabriel Manigault, John Wragg, John Airfine, John Stuart, Nathaniel Broughton, Alexander Fraser, Jacob Motte, Isaac Mazyck, jun. Robert Rivers, John Skene

Nicholas Harleston, Lionel Chalmers, John Moultrie, jun. Moses Thomson, Henry Ravenell, Samuel Thomas, John Chevillette, Edmund Bellinger, Robert Williams, William Moultrie, James Parsons, Robert Williams, jun. Charles Pinckney, John Pearson

George Murray, William Brisbane, John Savage, Richard Lambton, Doctor John Murray, Tacitus Gaillard, Alexander Garden, Jeremiah Savage, Benjamin Simons, William Hopton, James Leslie, George Paddon Bond, Philip Porcher, John Hume, David Rhind, Andrew Brown, John Hambleton, James Reid, Edward Musgrove, Henry Smith, William Roper, David Oliphant, John Rutledge, John Joor, Gavin Pou, Edward Wilkinson, John Bull, William Sanders, Robert Brisbane, William Mason, William Massey, Benjamin Guerard

Ferwick Ball, Lewis Golston, Thomas Heyward, Frederick Nicholas Myer, Francis Roche, Benjamin Simons, jun. Benjamin Marion, jun. John Newman Oglethorpe, Joseph Curry, Christopher Rowe, John Mackenzie, John Parker, Whitmarsh Fuller, William Tucker, Arthur Middleton, William Henry Drayton, John Moore, Robert Johnston, John Savage (of 96), John Dering, William Drayton, John Matthewes, son of Jn. Andrew Hibben, John Izard, Hopkin Price, Thomas Evance, Henry Peronneau, John Livingston, Rog. Pet. Handasyd Hatley, William Logan, Esqrs.

For COLLETON County.

James Stobo, James Skirving, John Chevillette, William Boone, Thomas Hutchinson, James Postell, George Logan, William Maxwell, William Matthewes, James Carson, Andrew Leitch

Edward Perrey, Francis Yonge, Gavin Pou, John Stuart, Hugh Wilson, Stephen Bull (of Sheldon), James Reid (of St. Barth.), James Parsons, Charles Pinckney, Philip Smith, John Savage (of 96)

Patrick Calhoun, William Calhoun, Thomas Bull, James Mayson, Joseph Glover, James Donnom, Jonathan Donnom, Thomas Ferguson, Thomas Bee, Lewis Golston, John Thickler

John Fairchild, Frederick Nicholas Meyer, Josiah Perrey, John Pickins, John Lewis Gervais, Christopher Rowe, Lewis Powell, John Mathewes, (son of John Andrew Cunningham, Robert Rawlins, Esqrs.

For GRANVILLE County.

Stephen Bull, Stephen Bull (of Sheldon), Benjamin Garden, Richard Wallace, Daniel Pepper, John Dicks

Patrick Calhoun, Jacob Summerall, Stephen Drayton, William Calhoun, Thomas Bell, Elijah Prioleau

John Lewis Bourquin, Lazarus Brown, John Tinckler, Samuel Porcher, John Lewis Gervais, John Stuart

Joseph Jenkins, jun. Thomas Young, William Elliott, Andrew Aggnew, Richard Holloway, Richard Proctor, Esqrs.

For the CHEROKEE District.

John Stuart — Alexander Cameron — George Price — Mathew Keough, Esqrs.

For CRAVEN County.

George Gabriel Powell, Joseph Brown, Samuel Wragg, Paul Trapier, Job Rothmahler, George Pawley, Elias Horry, Richard Richardson, Joseph Cantey, Charles Cantey, John Palmer, John Hentie, Thomas Lynch, Archibald Baird, John Levingston, Samuel Wylly, George Ricks, James Loosk, George Pearson, Wood Furman, Nathan Alexander, Edward Jerman

Alexander Mackintosh, Henry Ciffels, Jacob Gourdin, James Leslie, James Wyly, Peter Sinclair, Joseph Britton, Isaac Porcher, Charles Fyffe, Thomas Godfrey, Benjamin Young, Abraham Carradine, Philip Porcher, Daniel Horry, John Cantey, Josias Allston, Andrew Allston, Thomas Fletchall, Thomas Simpson, John Pinkene, Thomas Wade, William Allston

Robert Herriott, John M'Dougal, Edward Wilkinson, John M'Donald, John Jeveerette, Theodore Gourdin, Paul Douxsainte, Joshua Screven, Andrew Brunette, John Stuart, John Newman Oglethorpe, Robert Weaver, John Gaston, Tacitus Gaillard, John Alrun, Claudius Pegues, James M'Cants, David Fulton, James Patton, John Perkins, James Linah, William Wofford

James Simpson (of Craven County), Zachariah Isbell, Barnabas Arthur, Thomas Bond, Joseph Cary, William Tucker, John Cantzon, Jonathan Gilbert, Jacob Motte jun. Thomas Evance, Joseph Dubourdieu, William Thomson, Samuel Nesmith, John Brockington, Robert Goodwin, Maurice Simons, Peter Simons, William Allston jun. Nathaniel Dwight, Esqrs.

Barnaby Pope, Glass Caston, John Furnas, and Gilbert Hay, who were in the last commission, are not continued in this for their misbehaviour.

October 15, 1767. JAMES SIMPSON, *C. C.*

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT containing 1000 acres of land, in the parish of Christ-Church, situate on the north side of Great Ogechee river, about 4 miles above the town of Hardwick, & about 15 miles by land from Savannah; it fronts on the river opposite to lands of James McKay, Esq; and Stirling's Bluff upwards of two miles, and is the best kind of river swamp, neither subject to freshes or salts, and lies between lands of the estate of William Butler, deceased, James McKay and Francis Harris, Esq.—FIVE HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, in the parish of St. Philip's, situate on Stirling's swamp, about two miles from the river Great Ogechee, between lands of William Butler, Samuel New, and Sarah Sinclair, bounded southerly at the time of the survey by vacant land: Four hundred acres thereof is fine tupelow and maple swamp; the remainder good pine land.—One hundred and sixty acres of land in the parish aforesaid, on the river Great Ogechee, pleasantly situated about a mile from the town of Hardwick, consisting of fresh water marsh, oak and pine land: Also a lot No. 117, in said town.—Three hundred and fifty acres of land, in the parish of St. Philip's, situated on Stirling's swamp, about a mile and an half from the river Great Ogechee, bounded southerly and easterly by lands vacant at the time of the survey, northerly by lands of —— Bailey, and westerly by lands of Samuel New, Esq. Two hundred acres thereof is fine tupelow and maple swamp; the remaintder good pine land. Any person inclinable to purchase either of the above tracts, may treat with. INGLIS & HALL.

Savannah Georgia, 20th Dec. 1766.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Doctor William Pillans, deceased, by bond, note, or book debt, are desired to make payment on or before the first day of January next, and all those who have any demands against the said estate are likewise desired, by that time, to give in their accompts properly attested, to

ISAAC HAYNE,
JOHN SIMPSON,
ROB. MACKENZIE, jun. } *Executors.*

JAMES M'CALL,

Having purchased the stock of Goods, of Messieurs LLOYD & NEYLE;

AND added the same to a good assortment imported in the last vessels from London and Bristol, will sell VERY REASONABLY, at his store in Broad-street, lately possessed by said gentlemen.

He has also JUST IMPORTED, *In the Brigantine Philadelphia Packet, Capt. Harrison,*

SHIP, water, milk and butter bisket, and flour in barrels, half barrels, and kegs.

STRAYED from the plantation whereon I now live, at Cane Acres, a bay gelding fifteen hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder thus M, his mane trimm'd in a bow, and has a broom tail. Whoever will deliver or give information where he may be had, shall have Five pounds reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

t. f. ROBERT LADSON.

TO BE SOLD, at private sale,

A Lot of land at Ansonborough, containing fifty feet front on Squirrel-street, and about 137 feet deep: said lot adjoins the land of Mr. Watson, and opposite to Mr. Porcher. Any person having a mind to become purchaser of the same, may apply to JOHN DART.

N. B. A parcel of fine lightwood posts from twelve to fourteen feet long, with a few thousand feet of inch boards, now laying in Mr. John Logan's yard, at Ansonborough, to be sold, apply as above, or to said Logan.

Just arrived in Capt. Ball, from London,

A Large assortment of handsome cottons newest patterns, with nails, carpenters and coopers tools, &c. bought particularly low, and to be sold proportionably, at my store in Broad street.

THOMAS WALTER.

Charles-Town: Printed by Peter Timothy, at the oldest Printing-Office, in Broad-Street, next to the General Post-Office; where Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c. for this Paper are taken in, all Kinds of useful Blanks sold, and all Sorts of Printing-Work is done with Accuracy and Dispatch.